

Calcareous nannofossil biochronology and paleoecology of onshore and offshore Miocene Colombian sequences

Alejandra Mejía-Molina

Universidad de Salamanca, Departamento de Geología, 37008 Salamanca, España; Instituto Colombiano del Petróleo-ICP-ECOPETROL, Piedecuesta, Santander, Colombia; Yachay Tech University, Urcuquí, Ecuador; amejia@yachaytech.edu.ec; alejandra@usal.es

José-A. Flores

Universidad de Salamanca, Departamento de Geología, Facultad de Ciencias, 37008 Salamanca, Spain; flores@usal.es

Francisco J. Sierra

Universidad de Salamanca, Departamento de Geología, Facultad de Ciencias, Salamanca, Spain; sierra@usal.es

A high-resolution stratigraphic and biochronologic study was carried out on Neogene sedimentary sequences from multiple onshore sections in Colombia and offshore cores drilled in the Caribbean Sea (ODP Site 999). In the sequences studied, calcareous nannofossil horizons were identified using the biochronology proposed by Berggren *et al.* (1985), Raffi & Flores (1995), and Raffi *et al.* (2006).

Exceptionally high abundances of *Sphenolithus heteromorphus* and *Sphenolithus abies* were recorded in the sections. Both species became the dominant components of the nannofossil assemblage in what are called SDI (*Sphenolithus* dominance intervals) (Mejía-Molina *et al.*, 2010). In northern Colombia and the Caribbean Sea, these dominance intervals occurred in both shallow-water and open-marine paleoenvironments and may be useful for regional correlations (Figure 1).

References

Berggren W.A., Kent D.V., Swisher C.C. & Aubry M.P. 1985. A revised Cenozoic geochronology and chronostratigraphy.

In: W. Berggren, D. Kent, M. Aubry & J. Hardenbol (Eds). *Geochronology, Time Scales and Global Stratigraphic Correlation*. Society for Sedimentary Geology Special Publications, **54** 129–212.

Mejía-Molina, A., Flores, J.-A., Torres Torres, V. & Sierra, F.J. 2010. Distribution of calcareous nannofossils in Upper Eocene-Upper Miocene deposits from Northern Colombia and the Caribbean Sea. *Revista Española de Micropaleontología*, **42**(3): 279–300.

Raffi, I., Backman, J., Fornaciari, E., Palike, H., Rio, D., Lourens, L. & Hilgen, F. 2006. A review of calcareous nannofossil astrobiochronology encompassing the past 25 million years. *Quaternary Science Reviews*, **25**: 3113–3137.

Raffi, I. & Flores, J.-A. 1995. Pleistocene through Miocene calcareous nannofossils from eastern equatorial Pacific Ocean. *Proceedings of the Ocean Drilling Program, Scientific Results*, **138**: 233–286.

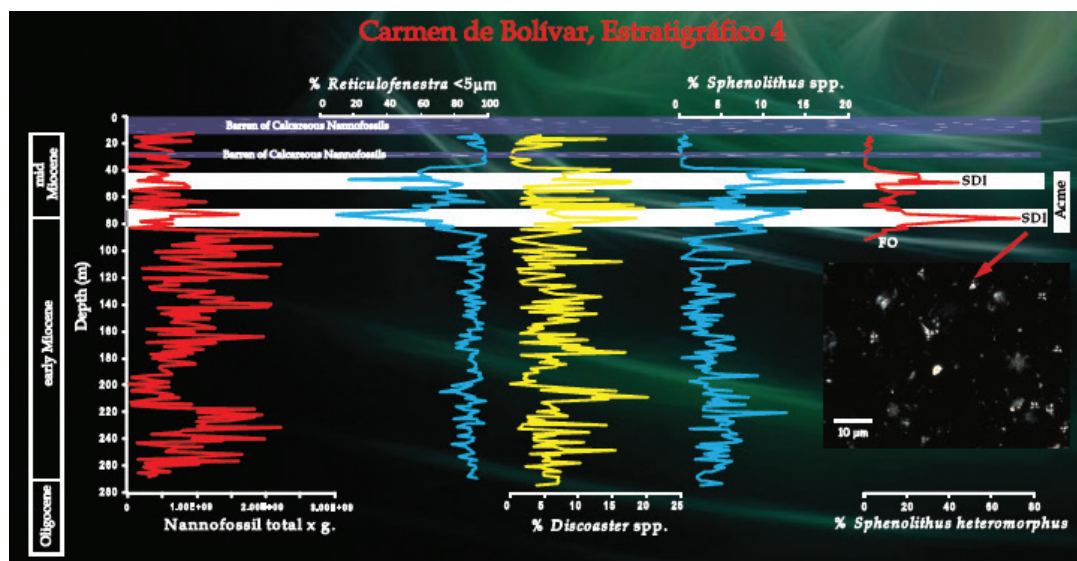


Figure 1: Percentages of *Reticulofenestra* <5µm, *Discoaster* spp., *Sphenolithus* spp., *Sphenolithus abies*, *Sphenolithus heteromorphus*, and total nannofossils per gram in the Carmen de Bolívar, Estratigráfico 4. White bars correspond to calcareous nannofossil barren intervals. FO, first occurrence; SDI, *Sphenolithus* dominance interval